

What is Archaeology

1- What is Archaeology?

Archaeology is the special concern of a certain type of anthropologist.

2- In what way is archaeology similar to history?

Archaeology is similar to history in part of its purpose, that of delineating the sequences of events in the past and their importance to mankind today.

3- Why do archaeology and history find it necessary to combine?

Because the archaeological and historical records combined often yield a richer picture than either would separately.

4- What does the archaeologist do?

The archaeologist investigates all the places where man lives or has lived at any time in the past.

5- What is the main concern of prehistory?

The main concern of prehistory is the time before man learned to write and therefore record his own career on earth.

6- What does anthropology study?

Anthropology studies man in the broadest sense, including his physical, cultural and psychological aspects, and their interrelationships.

7- What does archaeology study?

Archaeology studies man in the past, it has been called the anthropology of extinct peoples.

Concern	اهتمام
Type	نوع
Discipline	فرع المعرفة
Culture	ثقافة
Psychology	علم النفس
Extinct	منقرض
Similar	مشابه
Sequences	سلاسل
Basic	اساسي
Imposed	مفروض
Blurred	غير واضح
Yield	يعطي
Documentation	توثيق
Environment	بيئة
Corpus	مجموعة
Sense	معنى
Excavate	يُنقَب
Evidence	دليل
Flexible	مرن
Aware	مُدرك
Occupied	مُحتل

Constructed	مَبْنِي / مُشَيَّد
Aspects	صفات
Career	السيرة / مجرى الحياة
Clapboard	لوح خشبي
Colonist	مُستعمر
Combine	يجتمع
Define	يُعرِّف
Delineating	تصوير
Frigid	منجمد
Interpretations	تفسيرات
Interrelationships	علاقات متبادلة
Jungles	غابات
Physical	جسدي
Planet	كوكب
Prehistory	ما قبل التاريخ
Process	عملية
Reconstruction	إعادة بناء
Recreate	يستعيد
Remains	بقايا
Scale	مقياس
Span	مُدَّة

